JAXA selects two new astronauts

１　The Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency or, JAXA, announced on February 28th that they have selected two astronaut candidates. JAXA has recruited new astronaut candidates for the first time since 2009.

２　The two are Makoto Suwa, 46, a specialist of climate change and disaster risk management at the World Bank, and Ayu Yoneda, 28, a surgeon at the Japanese Red Cross Medical Center. Both are originally from Tokyo. They will join JAXA this April, and undergo training at NASA and other facilities for two years. The two are expected to be officially recognized as the 12th and 13th JAXA astronauts in March 2025.

３　Suwa and Yoneda exchanged a virtual handshake at the press conference announcing their selection, because Suwa was joining the conference online from Washington D.C. where the World Bank is located.

４　Suwa graduated from the University of Tokyo, and earned a doctorate at Princeton University. He previously worked in Rwanda as a math and science teacher at high school and college via the JOCV(\*1) program. He also worked for the World Meteorological Organization(\*2), and has worked at the World Bank since 2014. It was the second time that he applied for JAXA’s astronaut selection exam. Unfortunately, when he took the previous exam in 2008, he failed in the first round.

aerospace航空宇宙　 exploration探検・調査　　　candidate候補者　　 recruit募集・採用する　　　surgeon外科医

undergo (訓練などを)受ける　　facility施設　　　be expected to～：～すると期待されている　　　recognize承認する

press conference記者会見　　　be located位置する　　　earn a doctorate博士号を取得する　　　previously以前は

meteorological気象の　　apply for～：～に申し込む　　unfortunately残念ながら　　\*1 JOCV(Japan Overseas Cooperation Volunteers)青年海外協力隊 \*2 the World Meteorological Organization 世界気象機関

Q1　How many years have passed since JAXA recruited new astronaut candidates last?

Q2 諏訪理さんについて、どこで、どんな職業をしているか説明しましょう。

Q3 米田あゆさんについて、どこで、どんな職業をしているか説明しましょう。

Q4 After joining JAXA, what will Suwa and Yoneda do?

Q5 When will they be officially recognized as astronauts?

Q6 Why did Suwa and Yoneda exchange a virtual handshake at the press conference?

Q7 Where did Suwa go to university?

Q8 What did he do in Rwanda?

Q9 What does the World Meteorological Organization do?

Q10 When Suwa took JAXA’s astronaut test in 2008, what happened?

５　Yoneda graduated from the University of Tokyo’s graduate school of medicine in 2019. She will be the third Japanese female astronaut after Chiaki Mukai and Naoko Yamazaki. She will be the youngest among the nation’s active astronauts.

６　Yoneda said, “I am happy and surprised. I also felt a sense of responsibility and calling, and braced myself up. I am grateful to all the people that have supported me thus far.”

７　The average age of the current six Japanese astronauts is 53, and they are all male. Regarding the all-male environment, Yoneda said, “Of course there are factors such as age and gender, and I think that men and women are often viewed in different ways, but I myself would like to do my best as an astronaut candidate rather than as a young female. I hope to use my knowledge as a doctor to give back to Earth.”

８　Both candidates have been interested in space since their childhood. Suwa says when he was a high school student, he was excited to see the news of Mamoru Mohri’s becoming Japan’s first-ever astronaut to travel to space in a space shuttle 30 years ago. He also participated in JAXA’s debriefing session and listened to the space mission report directly from Mohri. ①This experience inspired him to be an astronaut one day.

９　When Yoneda was a child, her father gave her the manga of the biography of Chiaki Mukai, the first Japanese female astronaut. “I learned about the job of an astronaut from that book. I was moved by the scene in which Mukai was impressed with the beauty of Earth she saw from space,” she said. “That was when I became interested in becoming an astronaut.”

１０　The two may become the first Japanese astronauts to board a new space station orbiting the moon, and even step onto the moon under NASA’s Artemis program(\*3), a global lunar exploration project. Humans haven’t been to the moon since 1972.

sense of responsibility責任感 calling神の思し召し・使命　　　　brace oneself up気を引き締める　　　　be grateful to～：～に感謝している　　thusこのように　　　current現在の　　 regarding = about factor要素　　　space shuttle宇宙連絡船　　debriefing session報告回　　　board～：～に乗る　　　orbit～：～の周りを軌道に乗って回る　　　lunar月の

3 Artemis programアルテミス計画(米国が出資する月面着陸計画) 　★( )

Q11 Where did Yoneda go to universities?

Q12 How many female astronauts were there before Yoneda?

Q13 How many male/female astronauts are there in JAXA right now? What is their average age?

Q14 米田さんは、自分の年齢や性別を注目されることについて、記者会見で何と言いましたか。

Q15 What is the news that made Suwa exited when he was in high school?

Q16 下線①について、詳しく説明しましょう。

Q17 What kind of book was Yoneda given from her father?

Q18 What is her favorite scene in the book?

Q19 諏訪さんと米田さんは、日本人として初めて、何をする可能性が高いですか。

１１　The two were selected from among the record 4,127 applicants. The number of applicants rocketed up by 4.3 times from the previous time, when 963 people applied in 2008.

１２　Since April of last year, the selection test has been conducted in five stages:

1. document screening
2. paper tests of English and science, and essay writing
3. tests to measure presentation skills and physical abilities, characteristic inspection
4. tests to measure presentation skills, English interview test, medical inspection
5. special assignment to remotely operate the rover the applicants produced by themselves at the exam station which looks like the surface of the moon, final presentation tests, final interview tests

record記録的な　　　rocket up急に上がる・鰻登りになる　　　　conduct行う　　　document screening書類審査

measure測る　　　physical身体的な　　　characteristic inspection特性検査　　　medical inspection医学検査

assignment課題　　operate操作する　　rover探査車　　 surface表面　　　　★( )

Generations of the applicants

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | total applicants【April 5th】 | Applicants that passed document screening 【May 19th】 | Applicants that passed English and science test【June 28th】 |
| in their 20s | 811 (19.7%) | 483 (21.3%) | 61 (29.8%) |
| in their 30s | 1,850 (44.8%) | 1,084 (47.8%) | 107 (52.2%) |
| in their 40s | 973 (23.6%) | 513 (22.6%) | 31 (15.1%) |
| in their 50s | 424 (10.3%) | 163 (7.2%) | 6 (2.9%) |
| in their 60s | 69 (1.7%) | 23 (1.0%) | 0 |
| Total | 4,127 | 2,266 | 205 |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Applicants that passed the first test【September 30th】 | Applicants that passed the second test【December 23rd】 | Applicants that passed the third test【February 28th, 2023】 |
| in their 20s | 12 (24%) | 1(10%) | 1 |
| in their 30s | 30 (60%) | 7(70%) | 0 |
| in their 40s | 8 (16%) | 2(20%) | 1 |
| in their 50s | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| in their 60s | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 50 | 10 | 2 |

参考資料：JAXA宇宙飛行士　試験選抜結果

<https://www.jaxa.jp/press/2022/09/20220930-1_j.html>

<https://uchubiz.com/article/new11804/#:~:text=%E5%AE%87%E5%AE%99%E8%88%AA%E7%A9%BA%E7%A0%94%E7%A9%B6%E9%96%8B%E7%99%BA%E6%A9%9F%E6%A7%8B,2%E4%BA%BA%EF%BC%8820%EF%BC%85%EF%BC%89%E3%80%82>

Q20　How many applicants applied for the latest JAXA astronaut exam?

Q21 Why did the number of applicants rocket up by 4.3 times from the previous time? Please write down your opinion.

Q22 How long did it take for JAXA to conduct the astronaut selection tests?

Q23 宇宙飛行士選抜試験は、どのような内容ですか。日本語で説明しましょう。

Q24　Astronaut selection tests are said to be very hard. Why are they so hard? What kind of abilities are necessary for astronauts? Please give at least five skills.

Q25 What do you think about today’s news?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | Japan's space agency selects two astronauts from record 4,127 applications<https://www3.nhk.or.jp/nhkworld/en/news/20230228_20/>英語ニュース（１分半） |
| JAXA selects two astronaut candidates　英語ニュース（１分）<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KzNuSRPdBEs>※33秒で二人のvirtual handshakeが映し出されます。　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　 ＊Thank you: Illust AC | 月面着陸イラスト／無料イラスト/フリー素材なら「イラストAC」 |

★次の文を３回ずつ読んで、暗唱しましょう。

１．JAXA has recruited new astronauts for the first time since 2009.

２．It was the second time that he applied for JAXA’s astronaut selection exam. Unfortunately, when he took the previous exam in 2008, he failed in the first round.

３．“I also felt a sense of responsibility and calling, and braced myself up. I am grateful to all the people that have supported me thus far.”

４．“I was moved by the scene in which Mukai was impressed with the beauty of Earth she saw from space,” she said.

５．He also participated in JAXA’s debriefing session to listen to the space mission report directly from Mohri. This experience inspired him to be an astronaut one day.

６．The number of applicants rocketed up by 4.3 times from the previous time.

（和訳）

１．JAXAは2009年ぶりに、新しい宇宙飛行士を募集しました。

　　　★for the first time in ～ years

：直訳すると「～年の中で初めて」の意味ですが、「～年ぶりに」と訳します。

２．諏訪さんがJAXAの宇宙飛行士選抜試験に申し込むのは２度目でした。残念なことに、2008年に彼が前回の試験を受けた時は、第一段階で落ちてしまいました。

　　　★previous：現時点より、すぐ前の、という意味です。

※formerとの違いに注意。　former：「元～」「昔の～」という意味なので、直近とは限らない。

３．「責任と使命を感じて身が引き締まる思いです。私をここまで支えてくれたすべての人に感謝しています」（米田さんのインタビューより）

　　　★callingは、神が「宣言(call)した」という意味で「天職、神の思し召し、使命」の意味があります。

　　　★brace oneself up：気持ちを引き締める

４．「私は、向井さんが宇宙から見た地球の美しさに感動する場面で、心を動かされました。」

　　　★the beauty of Earth （　　　　　）she saw from space 　※空欄には関係代名詞が入ります

５．彼はJAXAが主催する報告会に参加し、直接、毛利さんのスペースミッションの報告スピーチを聞きました。この経験が、彼に「いつか宇宙飛行士になりたい」という夢を持たせました。

　　　★inspire 目的語 to 動詞の原形：～(人)に感銘を与えて（鼓舞して）～する気にさせる

６．応募者数は、前回から4.3倍に急増しました。

　　　★差や倍数を言う時は、前置詞byで数値を具体的に表現します。

　　　　（例）We lost the game by one point.

　　　　　　　The number increased by five times.